

# Money Wise



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A close-up, high-angle photograph of an ornate, antique-style clock face. The clock is made of a light-colored metal, possibly brass or silver, with intricate floral and scrollwork engravings. The numbers 11 and 12 are prominently displayed in large, raised, serif numerals. A smaller sub-dial is visible in the lower right quadrant of the main clock face. The lighting is warm, highlighting the textures and details of the metal.

## Focus on year end planning

### Inside...

#### **Diversification first**

Don't forget the investment basics

#### **Retiring during Covid**

The pandemic effect on retirement plans

#### **Savings squeezed**

Rate cuts hit options

# The importance of diversification

*The pandemic has highlighted the value of holding a well-diversified portfolio of investments.*

The Covid-19 pandemic has already taught us a great deal; and some people have been faced with relearning old lessons they may have forgotten.

Global stock market performance has changed radically. While nearly all markets took a sharp downturn in February and the first three weeks of March, there has been a marked divergence in behaviour since then. The table below shows how differently the various main markets have performed.

Market	Index	31/12/19-23/3/20*	23/3/20-30/10/20	Year to 30/10/20
UK	FTSE 100	-33.79%	11.68%	-26.05%
US	S&P 500	-30.75%	46.15%	1.21%
Europe	Euro Stoxx 50	-33.63%	19.02%	-21.01%
Japan	Nikkei 225	-28.61%	36.06%	-2.87%
China	Shanghai Composite	-12.78%	21.22%	5.72%

\* 2020 year-to-date low point for UK, US and China markets

The 2020 performance of the two main UK equity fund sectors, UK All Companies and UK Equity Income, meant that at 30 October they

occupied the bottom two slots of the 39 sectors monitored by the Investment Association.

Diversification between markets is not only about capital performance, it can also be visible in comparisons of dividends. For example, in the second quarter of 2020 the year-on-year fall in UK dividends was a brutal 54.2% while in Japan it was just 4.2%.

The turbulence of 2020 has been a reminder that investment diversification can help smooth both capital and income performance. For a review of your existing investment holdings and advice on your diversification strategy, please talk to us.

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# The pandemic retirement conundrum

*Has Covid-19 disrupted your retirement plans?*

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**The economic effects of Covid-19 stretch far beyond those people infected by the virus. The obvious example is the billions of pounds of government spending, but there are many others, such as the impact on those approaching retirement.**

Recent research by the Institute for Fiscal Studies (IFS), discovered 13% of those aged 54 and above had revised their retirement plans. A little over half had increased their planned retirement age, while the remainder had brought it forward. Unsurprisingly the IFS found that the wealthier were more likely to be in the second category.

Wherever you are on the road to retirement, there are lessons to be drawn from the IFS work:

- You may not always be able to decide precisely when your working life comes to an end – circumstances may dictate the timing for you.
- You should build in flexibility to your retirement plans as much as possible. As the state pension age continues to rise – it is now 66 – so too does the period widen between an early retirement and the receipt of the state pension.
- Relying on work to supplement lowly pension benefits is a risky strategy. Health and economic issues can bring work late in life to an abrupt end – as we can see right now.



## Take action now

After the tumultuous events of 2020, it makes sense to review your current retirement plans. With the possibility of pension tax reform in the spring Budget, the sooner you start the process, the better.

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**“ 13% of those aged 54 and above have had to revise their retirement plans, with over half increasing their planned retirement age. (IFS)**

# Focus on year end planning

*The season of year end tax planning is nearly upon us as 5 April creeps closer.*

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**T**he Autumn Budget has been rescheduled for spring for a second successive year.

Once again, that means it is best to complete year end tax planning before the Chancellor returns to the despatch box. Such a precaution is all the more important in 2020/21 as several areas of tax have come under scrutiny following earlier Treasury-commissioned reviews. With that warning in mind, your year end planning checklist should include the following.

## Income planning

Your income may have dropped this tax year because of reduced earnings during the pandemic, falling dividends or miniscule interest rates. So it might be worth trying to estimate your income for the full tax year to 5 April 2021, because it could point to tax-saving opportunities. For example, if your

income is above £50,000 and you have or live with someone with children, you could be subject to the High Income Child Benefit Charge. Bringing your taxable income down – for example by making a pension contribution – could reduce or even eliminate that charge.

## Pensions

Check if you have any unused pension annual allowance from 2017/18, when the maximum annual allowance (before tapering) was £40,000. You have until the end of the current tax year to mop up this past allowance or lose it completely. However, it can only be used once you have exhausted your 2020/21 annual allowance, which may be higher than in previous years because of changes introduced in the March 2020 Budget.



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You can go on to pick up more unused relief from the years after 2017/18, although you can also only do this once you have used up your current year's allowance. Unsurprisingly, the calculations can quickly become complex, so do contact us as soon as possible if maximising today's pension tax relief is important to you.

### Capital gains tax

Capital gains tax (CGT) could soon be subject to some changes. In July the Chancellor asked the Office of Tax Simplification (OTS) to undertake a broad review of CGT. A first report from the OTS appeared in November. One proposal that could appeal to the Chancellor is a reversion to the regime which existed until 2008. Back then, CGT was levied at full income tax rates which would now mean rates of up to 45% rather than the current maximum of 20% (28% for non-exempt residential property and carried interest).

If you have capital gains in your portfolio, you should consider realising gains up to your available annual exempt amount before Budget day.

### Inheritance tax

A separate OTS simplification review last year considered inheritance tax. It was not in the March 2020 Budget, but few experts think it has been left on a shelf to gather dust. Some reliefs could be under threat, such as those which apply to business assets and large regular gifts out of income. Ahead of the Budget you should think about using your £3,000 annual exemption; making individual gifts of up to £250; making regular gifts out of disposable income and whether to make any larger lifetime gifts.

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## News in brief...

### Triple lock protected – for now

The government introduced legislation in September 2020 to ensure it could apply the triple lock increase to state pensions next April. The likely increase is 2.5% – comfortably above current price inflation and earnings growth. Strangely, the legislation will only operate for 2021...

### Working from home?

If you have been working from home, don't forget that your employer can pay you up to £6 a week tax-free to cover your extra costs, such as heating. If your employer cannot or will not pay, you can claim tax relief on the same amount.

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### The Chancellor's Spending Review

The Chancellor presented a one year Spending Review on 25 November, alongside the Office for Budget Responsibility's report on the state of the UK economy. With borrowing set to hit nearly £394bn for 2020/21, the focus was on spending to boost the economy, support jobs and businesses, and invest in infrastructure. Tax increases look almost certain for the spring Budget.





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## Savers feel the pinch

*Those looking for income from their savings face an uphill challenge, with banks and building societies making swingeing cuts to the interest paid on leading accounts.*

This latest round of rate reductions was started by National Savings & Investments (NS&I), which has imposed brutal cuts to some of its most popular accounts. The interest paid on its NS&I income bonds, for example, has fallen from 1.15% a month to just 0.01%. Returns on ISAs and Premium Bonds have also been squeezed.

Not surprisingly this has triggered a wave of similar reductions across the high street with newer providers such as the online Marcus Bank, as well as more established names like the Coventry and West Bromwich Building societies cutting rates and, in some cases, removing accounts altogether.

Income seekers who are prepared to take more risk with their money are also facing difficulties. At least 35 FTSE 100 companies have cut, cancelled or suspended their dividend pay outs

this year. In many cases this is because revenues have been hit by coronavirus lockdowns — meaning fewer surplus profits to distribute to investors.

Savers looking to boost returns need to be nimble when it comes to snapping up best-buys; good rates do not tend to last long. For example, the Skipton Building Society launched a best-buy easy-access account earlier this autumn. Demand meant it closed to new customers after just 48 hours.

Savers need to consider all their options. If you can afford to lock your money away you may get a slightly higher rate from a fixed-term bond, although this risks tying up your money at a time when interest rates are at an all-time low.

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# Scams on the rise

*Fraudsters preying on people's financial and health fears have been responsible for a sharp increase in scams during the Covid-19 crisis.*

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**Criminals are increasingly sending out fake emails or SMS texts disguised as a trusted body such as HMRC, a local council, TV licensing or even the NHS. These messages may claim you are due a rebate or refund. In some cases people have been told they qualify for "Covid relief funds".**

Of course, no refunds or rebates are available. In most cases these messages contain links to websites designed to harvest personal and financial information. They are a variant on many existing phishing email scams where you may receive a fraudulent email purporting to be from a high street bank, utility provider or even a tech company, like Amazon, Apple or Netflix.

Preying on people's current health concerns, an increased number of scams claim the recipient has been in contact with someone diagnosed with Covid-19. Again these will link to a site requesting personal data or asking for payment for a Covid test or other health products.

## Spotting scams

Growing sophistication means spotting these scam emails isn't always easy, but spelling and

grammar mistakes, plus unfamiliar links are telltale signs. If you are in any doubt, ignore or block the message, contact the named organisation directly and never disclose personal information such as bank details, PINs or passwords to an unsolicited contact. HMRC and banks will never ask you to share personal information in this way.



Much fraud is aimed at making false applications for loans and credit cards, with evidence that some of these cloned identities have been used to apply for government Covid support loans.

However vigilant you are, personal data can be compromised in a number of ways, so it's also worth monitoring your credit record for signs of any attempt to clone your identity. You can obtain your record for free through one of the three major credit references in the UK: Equifax, Experian and TransUnion.

If in any doubt, caution is the best option.

**“ False applications are made for loans and credit cards and some cloned identities have been used to apply for government Covid support loans.**

# CTFs grow up

*The first Child Trust Funds (CTFs) have reached their maturity date, but many have been overlooked.*

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## **The first CTFs matured on 1 September 2020, when their owners celebrated their 18th birthdays.**

A government payment of at least £250 was made at birth to a CTF for children born between 1 September 2002 and 2 January 2011. Thereafter government payments stopped. HMRC had to set up nearly 30% of the 6.3 million CTFs where a child's parents had failed to open an account within 12 months of the issue of the government payment voucher.

The default opening process means that many people have lost track of their CTFs, particularly accounts that just received the £250 payment. HMRC has set up an online tracing tool as part of its programme to handle maturities, which are currently running at about 55,000 a month.

A newly adult owner of a CTF has three options when they reach the age of 18:

- Withdraw the CTF's value.
- Invest all or part of the CTF's value in an ISA, without the payment counting towards the normal subscription limits.
- Do nothing, in which case the CTF fund will be transferred to a "protected account" where it will continue to enjoy freedom from UK income tax and capital gains tax.

CTFs were effectively replaced by Junior ISAs (JISAs) from November 2011. JISAs offer the same tax benefits as CTFs and in this tax year have a maximum contribution limit of £9,000.

For advice on JISAs and maturing CTFs, contact us. The plans may have started out for minors, but their rules mean they are not child's play.

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